

Covid19graphics 17

20 August 2020

COVID-19 Prevention Tips



WASH

Wash your hands frequently using soap for at least 20 seconds or sanitise them using alcohol-based handrub.



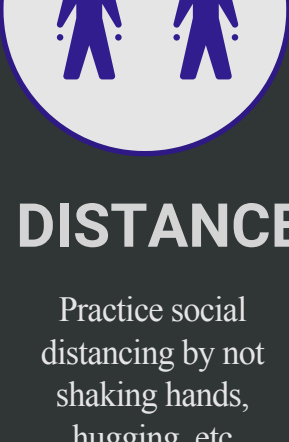
COVER

Use tissues when you cough or sneeze and dispose them immediately in a closed bin. Use flexed-elbow if tissue is unavailable.



AVOID

Avoid touching your mouth, eyes and nose, especially after contact with any surface.



DISTANCE

Practice social distancing by not shaking hands, hugging, etc.



ISOLATE

Stay at home if you become ill and help prevent its spread.

Covid-19 Related Incident Mapping in Bangladesh

Update: 1 March - 15 August 2020

243
Total incidents

2
9-15 August
1
2-8 August

WHY?

Incidents of ignorance/reticence to treat non-COVID patients: 69+
1 (9 August - 15 August) = 70

Denial to burial: 61 + 1 (2 August - 8 August) = 62

Forced eviction from home: 10 + 2 (28 June - 4 July) = 12

Harassment/assault originated from social stigma: 12+1 (21 June - 27 June) = 13

Incidents of abandonment from family/family members/colleagues: 45 + 1 (12 - 18 July) = 46

Social stigma related to medical professionals: 18 + 1 (5 - 11 July) = 19

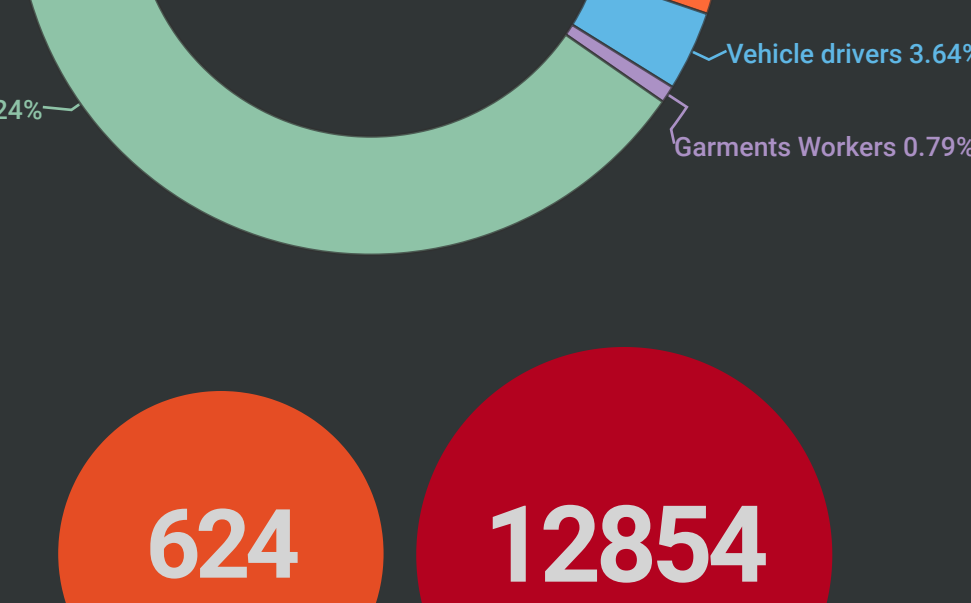
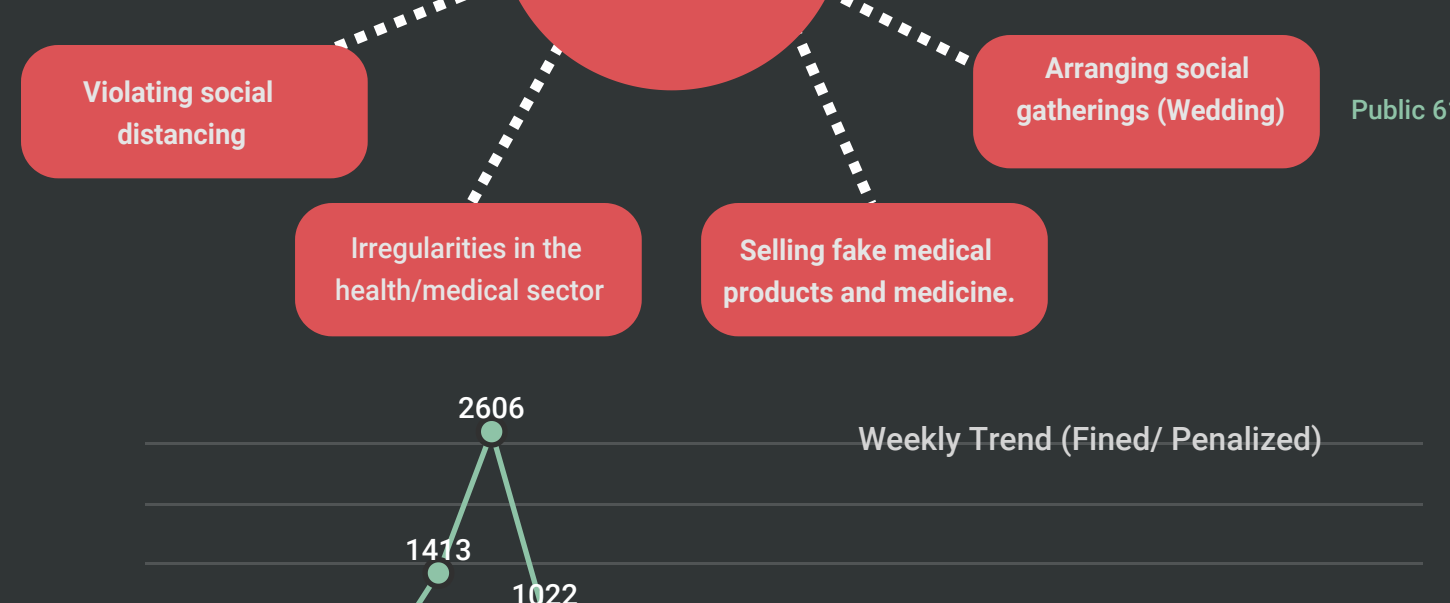
Suicide from social stigma: 2

*Weekly Trend: The stigma-related incident (3) associated with COVID-19 from 2 August 2020 to 15 August 2020 is reportedly on the decline compared to the previous weeks.

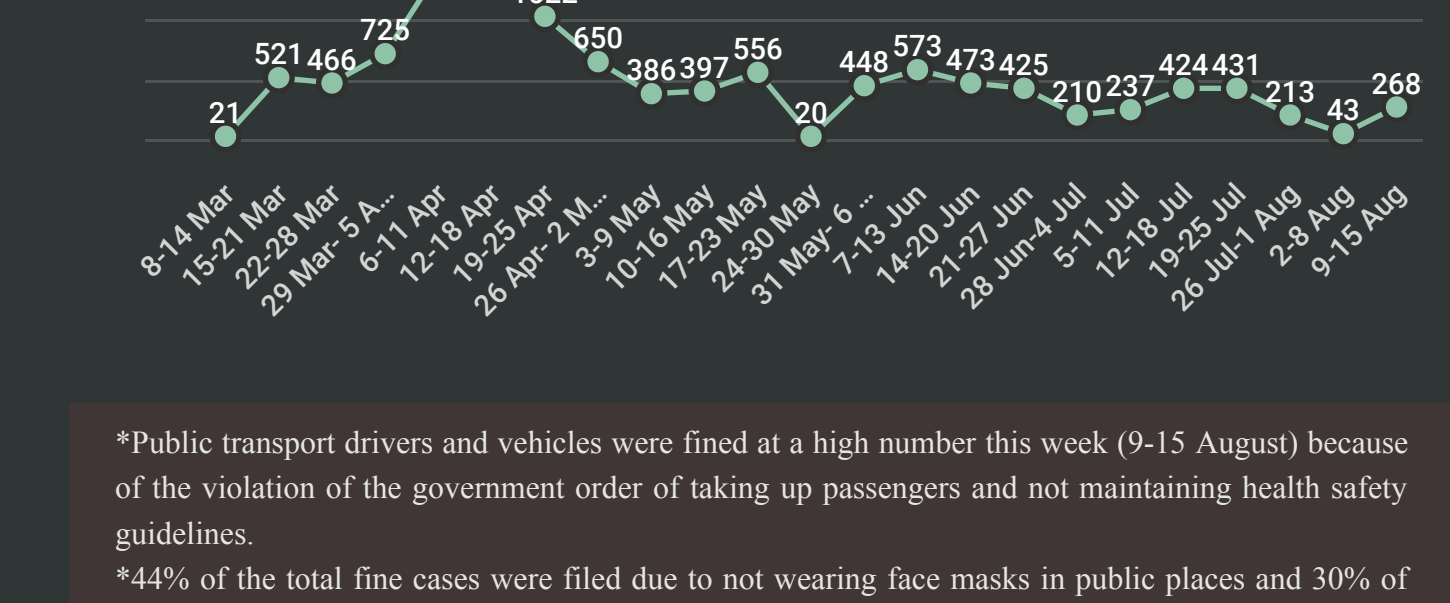
*Eg. A woman has given birth to her child on the streets after failing to get admitted to the Mother and Child Welfare Centre in Gaibandha. According to the victim's relatives, the woman in labour was rushed to the Mother and Child Welfare Centre when she started having contractions. Upon arrival, she was told to go elsewhere without any examination. Later, the mother and her child were admitted to Gaibandha Sadar Hospital with the help of police.

*Eg. The locals did not allow to bury the dead body of a 35 years old man who died from COVID-19 at Mohammadpur, Magura. Later the administration, police, and Islami Foundation buried the dead body.

Verbal Abuse/ Social Stigma



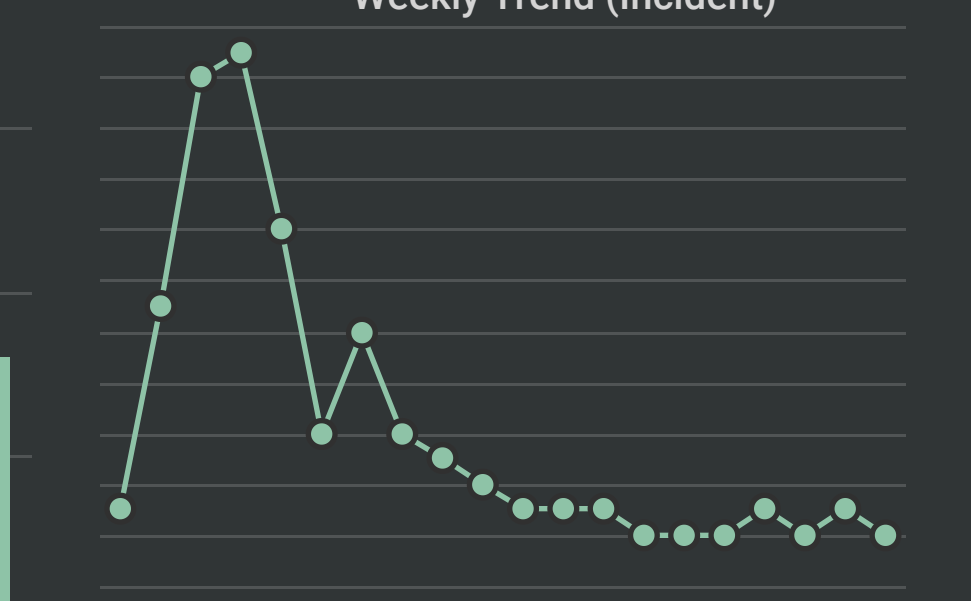
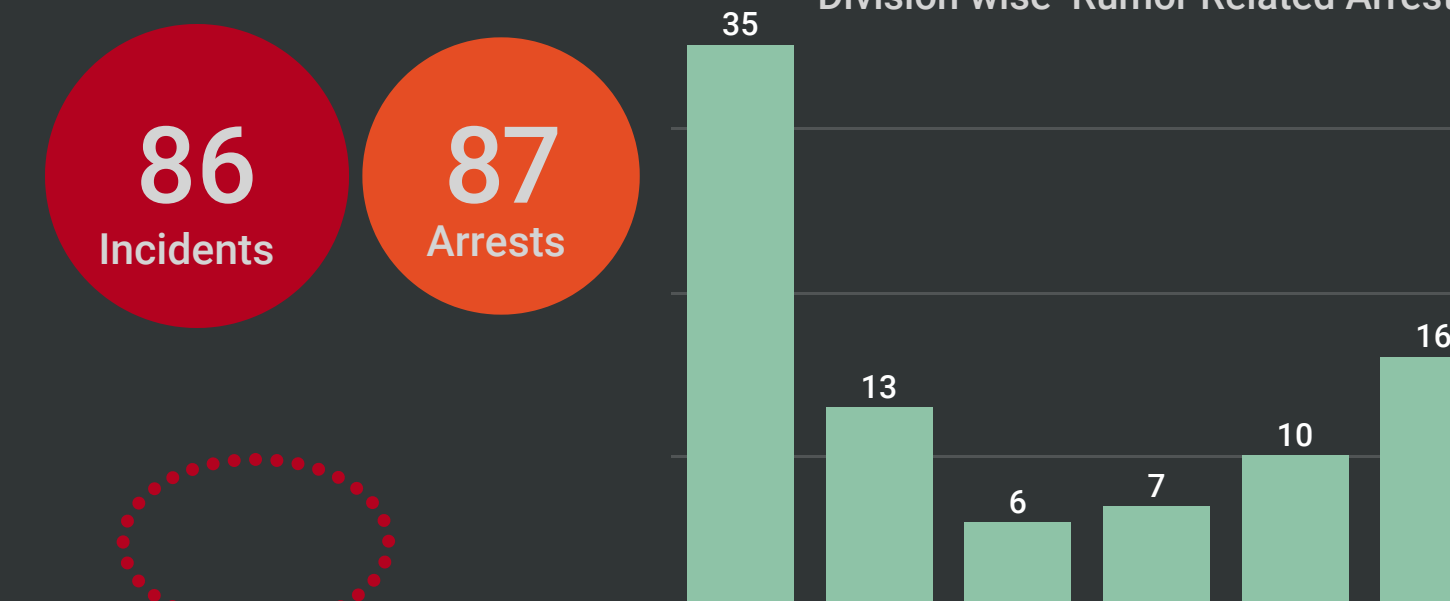
624 Arrest
12854 Total Fine/Penalty



*Public transport drivers and vehicles were fined at a high number this week (9-15 August) because of the violation of the government order of taking up passengers and not maintaining health safety guidelines.

*44% of the total fine cases were filed due to not wearing face masks in public places and 30% of the fine cases were for not maintaining hygiene in public in 02-08 August. Not wearing face masks and not maintaining health guidelines in public remains the major cause of being fined for the mass people in the following week.

Fine/ Penalty/ Punishment

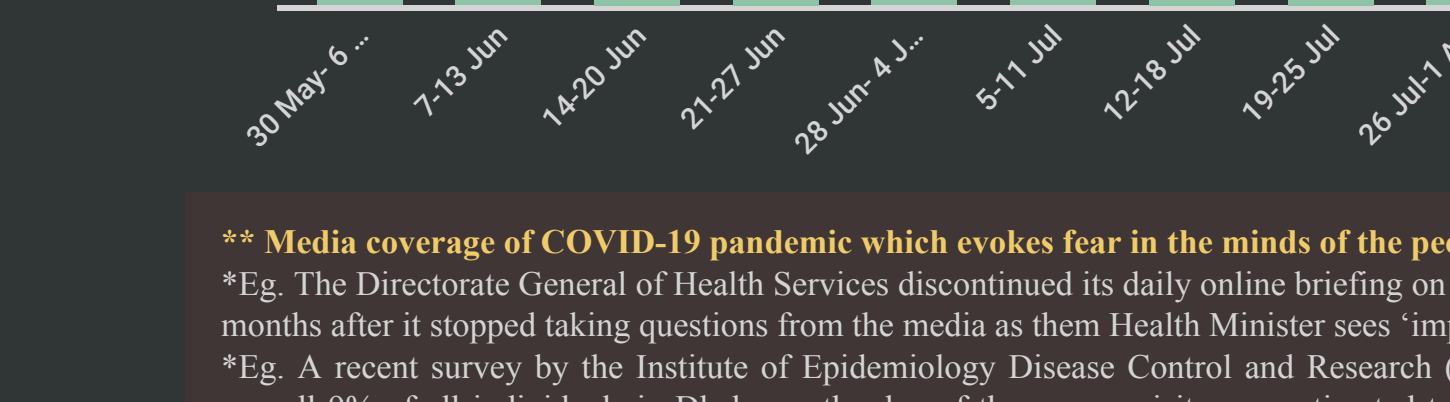


*Weekly Trend: There was no rumor related news report associated with COVID-19 from 2 August 2020 to 15 August 2020.

Rumors

86 Incidents
87 Arrests

Report on Fear related to COVID-19 (30 May -15 August)



678 Total reports

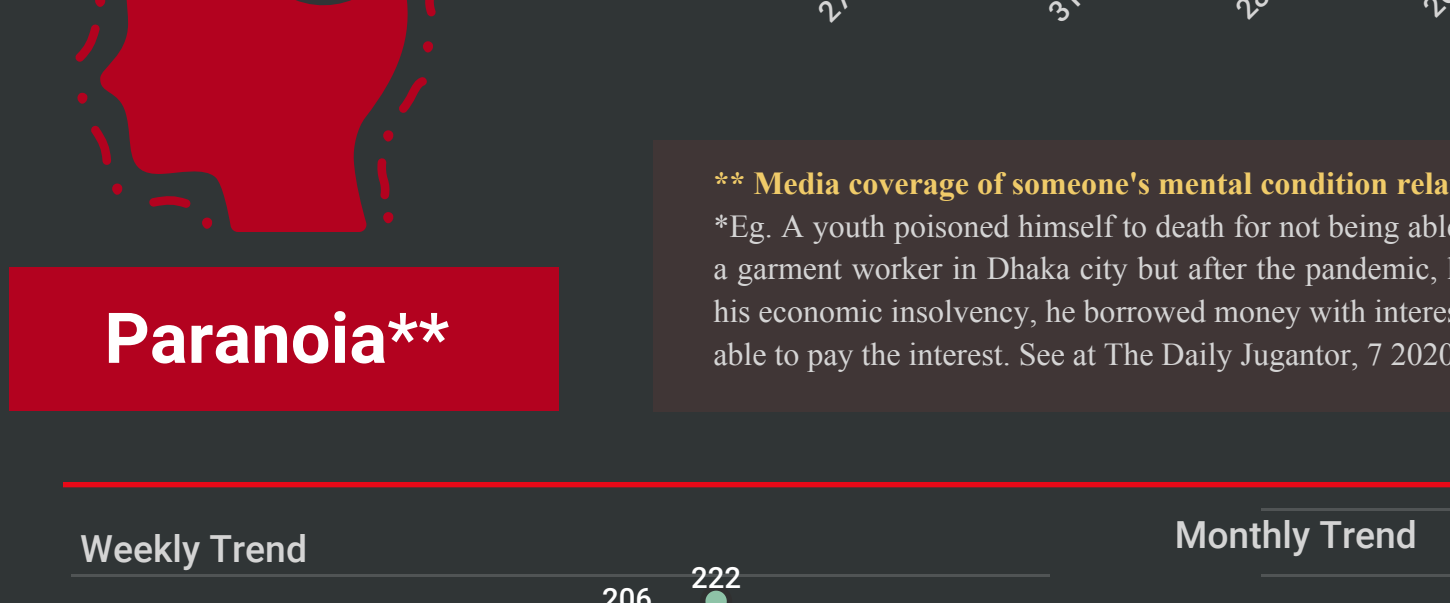
** Media coverage of COVID-19 pandemic which evokes fear in the minds of the people.

*Eg. The Directorate General of Health Services discontinued its daily online briefing on the COVID-19 situation, months after it stopped taking questions from the media as them Health Minister sees 'improvement'.

*Eg. A recent survey by the Institute of Epidemiology Disease Control and Research (IEDCR) has shown that overall 9% of all individuals in Dhaka on the day of the survey visit were estimated to be COVID-19 positive. With an estimated 20 million populations in Dhaka, the survey predicts that the city now has around 1.8 million COVID-19 cases. IEDCR also said 5% of the total households were symptomatic and 2% of the total population of the survey were symptomatic.

*Eg. Health Minister Zahid Maleque believes the novel coronavirus will "leave Bangladesh by itself". He argues that that infections and deaths have dropped despite a full-fledged resumption of work in the country saying "I don't know whether a vaccine will be necessary at all".

Fear**

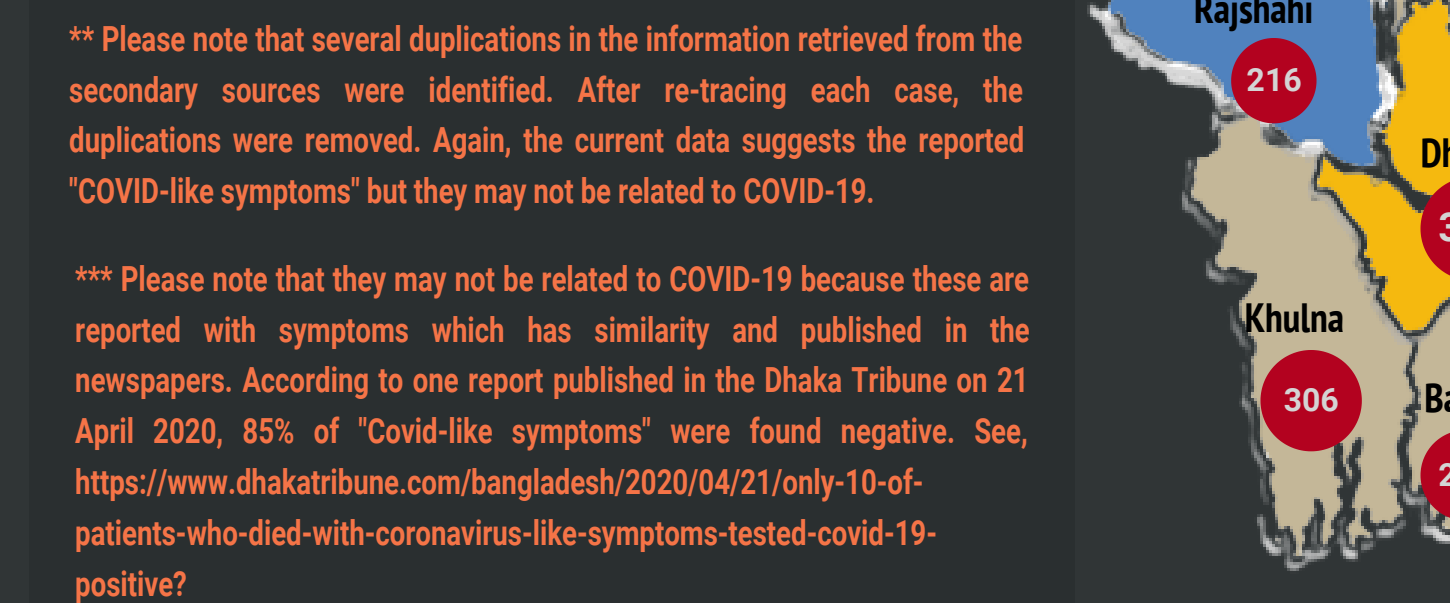


Fleeing after being tested positives (patients/relatives of the patients)
Fleeing from COVID-19-infected areas
Institutions being forced to close after employees tested positive
Reported Suicide Occurred from Paranoia

** Media coverage of someone's mental condition related to COVID-19 pandemic.

*Eg. A youth poisoned himself to death for not being able to pay his money interest at Chatmohar, Pabna. The youth was a garment worker in Dhaka city but after the pandemic, he was forced to left his job and returned to his hometown. For his economic insolvency, he borrowed money with interest and later he killed himself by drinking pesticides for not being able to pay the interest. See at The Daily Jugantor, 7 2020.

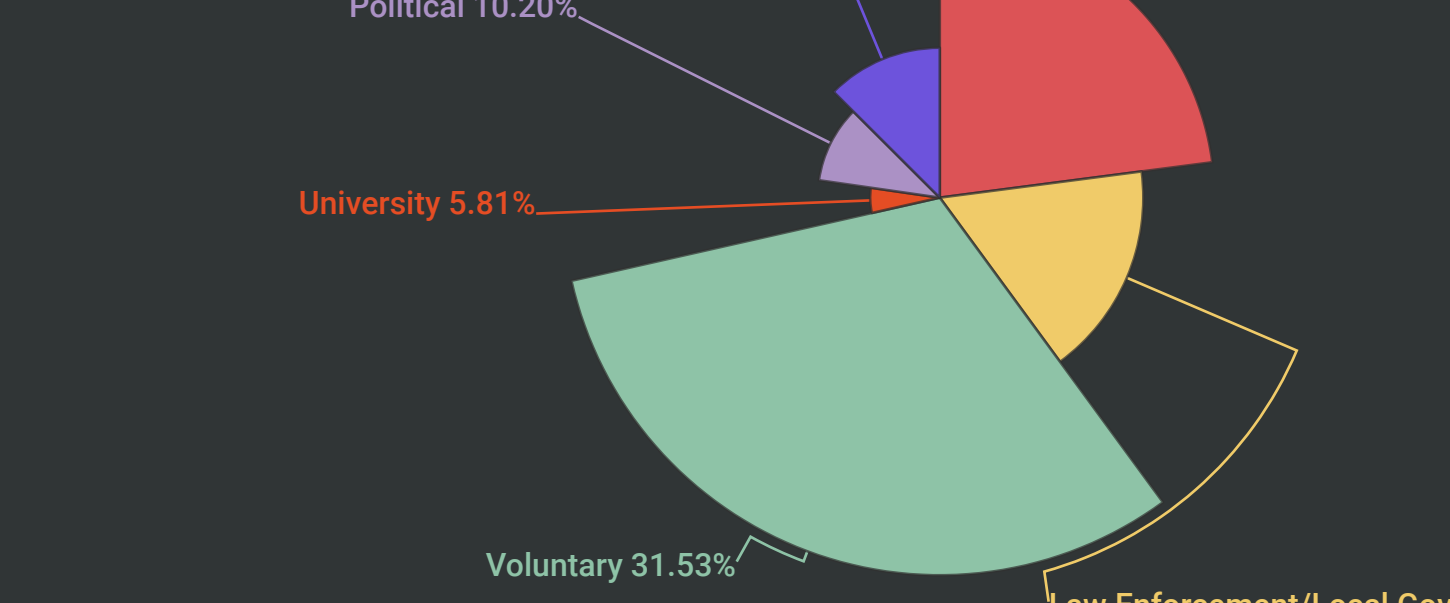
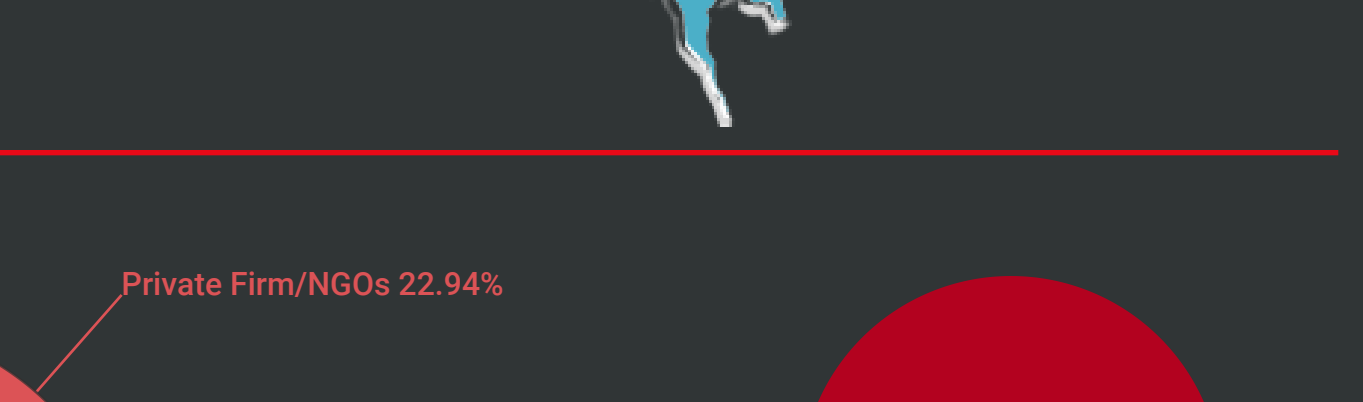
Paranoia**



2110 Total Deaths

** Please note that several duplications in the information retrieved from the secondary sources were identified. After re-tracing each case, the duplications were removed. Again, the current data suggests the reported 'COVID-like symptoms' but they may not be related to COVID-19.

*** Please note that they may not be related to COVID-19 because these are reported with symptoms which has similarity and published in the newspapers. According to one report published in the Dhaka Tribunes on 21 April 2020, 85% of 'Covid-like symptoms' were found negative. See, <https://www.dhakatribune.com/bangladesh/2020/04/21/only-10-of-patients-who-died-with-coronavirus-like-symptoms-tested-covid-19-positive?>



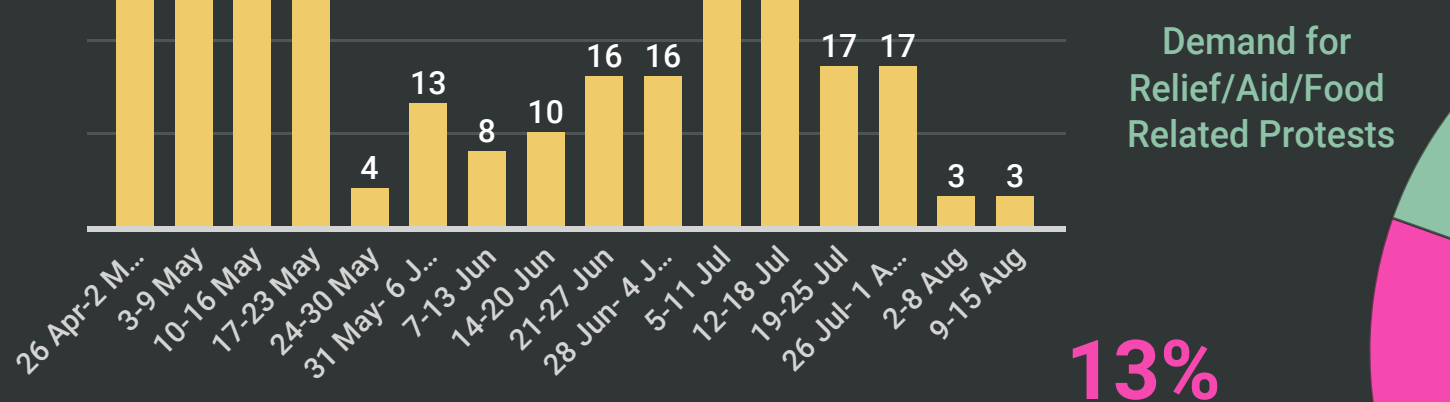
*Eg. World Vision Bangladesh distributed awareness creating equipment, personal protective equipment, money and stipends to 5,000 helpless people at Gazipur Taluk, Gazipur.

*Eg. Mayor of Khulna City Corporation, Talukdar Abdul Khablaque, distributed food items among 421 poor and jobless people amid this pandemic.

*Eg. A paramedic officer voluntarily collected 200 samples for the COVID-19 test from the very beginning of the pandemic. He also distributed leaflets, banners, masks, posters, anti-bacterial on his own initiative at Katiadi, Kishoreganj.

*Eg. A group of Garo people distributed among their community people who have lost their job amidst this pandemic. They distributed relief from among 300 families in Tangail's Madhupur and 200 families in Mymensingh's Fulbaria upazila.

Protests



12% Protests over Lockdown Rules, for Accountability, against proposed budget, against Hike in Bus fares, for Reopening

4% Protests Against Irregularities in Relief/Aid/Food Distribution

13% Protest against Lay-off/Closure and Pay Cuts

34% Protests for Unpaid Salaries and Eid Bonuses

19% Demand for Relief/Aid/Food Related Protests

13% Protests for proper medical equipment/against mismanagement in Health sector

5% Protest for the Waiver of Rents/Tuition Fees

276 Total Incidents

*Weekly Trend: Protests (6) associated with COVID-19 pandemic is reportedly on the decline from 2 August 2020 to 15 August 2020.

*Eg. Workers Party of Bangladesh formed a human chain in front of the National Press Club, Paltan, Dhaka demanding relief materials and medical support for the country's coronavirus and flood-affected people.

*Eg. A number of activists from several cultural organizations held rallies at different places including intention of Thakurgaon town in protest against the anomalies in the distribution of the government COVID-19 fund for affected artists.

*Eg. Garments workers protested against the authority as they decided to shut the factory without informing the workers and not paying their salary in the Sigaboard area of Gazipur.

*Eg. A social association 'Ekusha Parishad' formed a human chain and demanded a PCR lab and ICU at Naogaon Sadar, Naogaon.

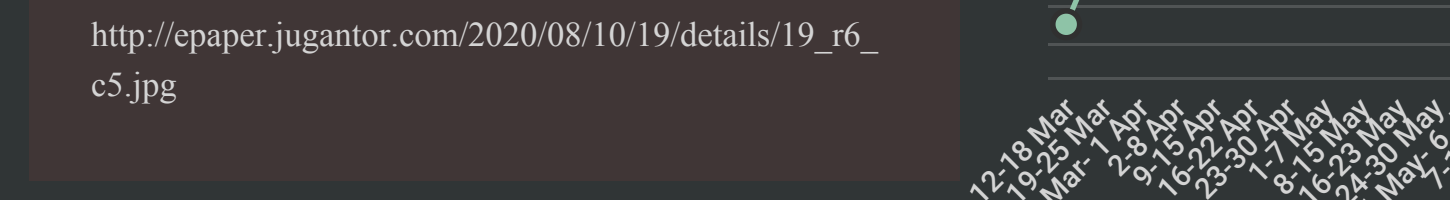
*Eg. The Chattogram leaders of the Consumer's Association of Bangladesh demanded the cancellation of the increased transportation fee at Chattogram city.

Violent Incident Related with COVID-19 (1 March -15 August 2020)



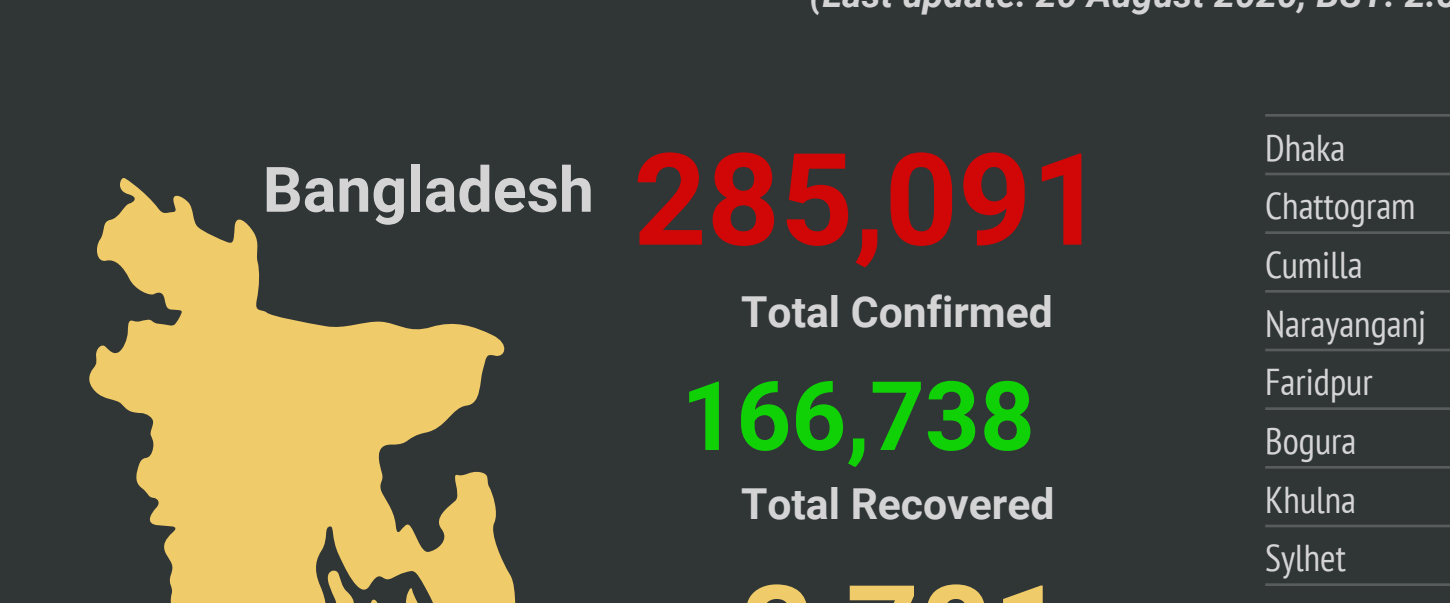
24 Death
606 Injury
149 Incidents

*Eg. A female fraud health officer tried to strangle a woman to death in the name of collecting the sample for the COVID-19 test at Raninagar, Naogaon. Police arrested the fraud health officer and investigating the cause behind the incident. See at: http://epaper.jugantor.com/2020/08/10/19/details/19_r6_c5.jpg

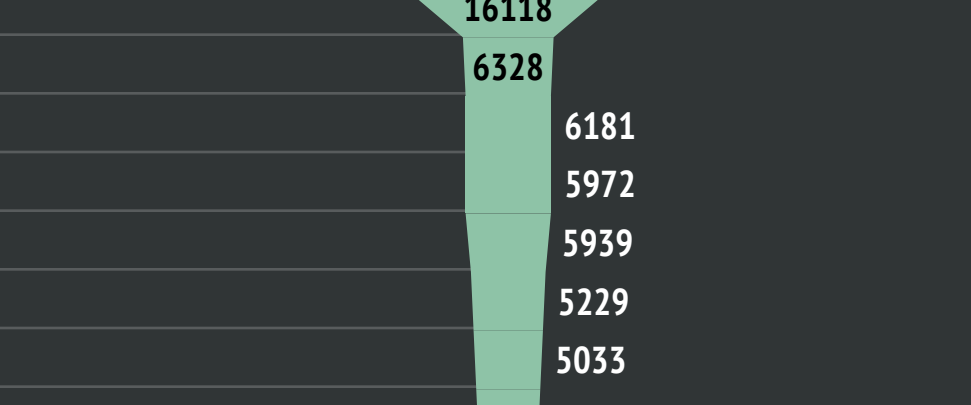


COVID-19 CORONAVIRUS PANDEMIC

(Last update: 20 August 2020, BST. 2:50 PM)



District wise distribution (Top 20)



Top 10 Areas in Dhaka City

Rank	Location	Total	Rank	Location	Total
1	Mirpur	2890	6	Mohakhali	774
2	Uttara	1230	7	Mugda	773
3	Mohammadpur	1138	8	Khilgaon	720
4	Dhanmandi	1131	9	Rampura	662
5	Jatrabari	826	10	Gulshan	622

South Asian Countries

Country	Deaths/1M pop	Total Deaths	Total Confirmed cases	Total Recovered
India	39	54,017	2,841,400	2,097,766
Afganistan	35	1,385	37,856	27,681
Pakistan	28	6,209	290,958	172,804
Bangladesh	23	3,781	285,091	165,738
Nepal	4	120	28,938	17,700
Sri Lanka	0.5	11	2,902	2,760
Myanmar	0	6	396	333
Bhutan	0	0	150	105

World Wide

- 22,602,098** Total Confirmed
- 15,319,076** Total Recovered
- 791,401** Total Deaths

Top Ten Countries: Deaths in per 1M pop.

Country	Deaths/ 1M pop	Total Cases	Total Deaths
San Marino	1,237	79,474	42
Belgium	860	79,029	9,969